SO COMMON IN WINTER

## BY TAKING PE-RU-NA

re Throat Develops Into Bronchitis. Mrs. Addie Harding, 121 W. Brighton re., Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "I have en a user of Peruna for the past elve years. With me it is a sure pre-ntive of colds and many other ills.



Mrs. Virginia Cavinua. Chronic Catarrh of Throat and Lung

Mrs. Addie Harding.

"Two or three times a year I am troubled with my throat, a kind of raw leeling, turning to bronchitis. I have had the services of my physician in each case. Two years ago, when I felt a spell coming I tried Peruna to check it, and to my delight was not troubled with the smothered and choking feeling and never have been since. I can check it every time with Peruna."

Mrs. Virginia Caviana, room 32, Cambridge Block, Portland, Ore., writes:

"I was a sufferer with catarrh of the throat and lungs for a long time before Peruna was recommended to me. I gave it a trial, although I thought at the time it would be just like other medicines and do me no good. I was pleased to find that my improvement began in less than two weeks and continued until I was entirely well. I gained nearly 15 pounds, have a splendid appetite and am grateful for what your medicine has done for me." Mrs. Virginia Caviana, room 32, Cam-



## Low Rates to the Pacific Coast

WABASH R. R.

REGINNING February 15th and continuing on sale daily until April 7th, the WABASH R. R. will sell single trip tichets at Greatly Reduced Rates to points in Arisona, Nevada, California, Oregon, Montana, Utah, Washington and British Columbia. ::: Write nearest Wabash Agent or address

C. S. CRANE, General Passenger Agent, St. Louis, Mo.

W. L. DOUGLAS 3.50 & \*3.00 SHOES TOR W. L. Douglas \$4.00 Gift Edge Line



\$10,000 REWARD to apyone who can disprove this statement. could take you into my three large factories rockton, Mass., and show you the infinite with which every pair of shoes is made, you di realize why W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes more to make, why they hold their shape, ecter, wear longer, and are of greater naic value than any other \$3.50 shoe.

THE GOVERNMENT OF CANADA



Land adjoining this can be purchased from rail-way and land companies at from \$6 to \$10 per acre. Bushels of Wheat to the Acre

is also the best of graring land, and for mixed farming it has no superior on the continent. Splendid climate, low taxes, railways convent-Soleming it mas no superior on the continent.

Solemind climate, low taxes, rallways convenient, schools and churches close at hand. For

"Insentent Centery Canada," and low railway rates
aping for information to Superintendant of Immigration, Ottown, Canada, or low M. Regny, to Floor,
Traction, Terminal Budding, Indiangualle, Ind. and
H. M. Williams, Room M. Low Building, Telesio, Ohio,
hatherized Government Agents.

YOUR OWN SIGNATURE Machina

BANKS OF CANADA GAIN; PEO-PLE'S SAVINGS BIG.

d of Financial Institutions fo the Year 1905 Shows Remarkable Prespectty All Over the Deminion Ottawa, Ontario, March 1.—The year which has just closed has been on most satisfactory and progressive with financial institutions of Canada, and the business of the chartered banks reflects the unprecedented prosperity enjoyed throughout the country during e year 1905.

The increased demands made upon the banks of the Dominion by the commercial and agricultural expansion of the year were provided for without the monetary disturbances sometimes noted in the United States. Whatever opinlons may be held as to the composition of the Canadian banking system, it is claimed that its flexible currency has many commendable features, and without which the last few months of the year must have produced a money stringency with probably disastrous results. It is felt that a wider field of credit in the Dominion is needed, and consequently the capital of many existing banking institutions has been in creased and several new banks are in process of organization.

The chartered banks of Canada today enjoy the confidence of the gene al GAUTION.—Insist upon having W.L.Dong.
has shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine
without his name and price stamped on bottom.
Feat Color Egiefat used; they will not near brassy.
Write for Illustrated Catalog.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

of over \$56,000,000 for the year. In ictual money in bank probably no otner country in the world, comparatively speaking, can make a better showing

than Canada. Absolutely Free to Every Settler banks, in special savings institutions, and in the chartered banks alone amounted last year to the enermous sum of \$609,454,000. This represents WESTERN CANADA an average credit balance of over \$100 per head of the population of the Dominion, and it is stated that the only On This Land This Year Has Seen Produced proaches this record is Denmark, where the average credit balance is about other country in the world that ap-\$96.50 per capita. The above figures. however, do not comprehend moneys deposited with private bankers, lean companies, mortgage corporations and trust companies, or what is hearded up

in secret hiding places. The annual report of the Dominion finance department, just issued to the public, shows a surplus in the Dominion treasury for the fiscal year of \$7,-863,000, and refers to the remarkable Rubber Stamp for signing Letters. Vouchers, the public revenues during stc., at the tow price of \$1.25. Read for particulars. Lock for \$10. Fort ways, ind. the year.

St. Jacobs Oil

is the short, sure, easy cure for

Rheumatism Neuralgia

It penetrates to the seat of torture, and relief promptly follows.

Price, 25c. and 50c.

STATE NEWS.

An Interesting Summary of the More Important Doings of Our Neigh bors-Weddings and Deaths-Crimes, Casualties and General Buckeye News Notes.

Buckeye News In Brief. as killed by a tree that he was cutting

lown falling upon him. Mary Ann Baxter, aged 80, while alone ome at Cadiz, was burned to death by her clothing catching fire from an open

The home of Levi Weaver, near Beaver Dam, Allen county, with all of its con-tents, was destroyed by fire. Loss, \$2,500;

Harmon Zuber, aged 25, was crushed to leath between two cars on which he was working in the Solar refinery of the Standard Oil Company at Lima.

Frank Kern, 38, was found dead near Chillicothe. He was subject to epileptic attacks, and fell in a snowdrift, face down-ward, and smothered to death. In Ohio during last year the gasoline

stove fired 157 buildings, scarred more than 200 persons and burned thirty to death, according to the report of the state fire mar-Andrew Carnegie has signified his in-tention to President John M. Davis, to do-

nate \$25,000 to Rio Grande College, a Bap-tist theological school at Rio Grande, Gallia Mrs. Lillie Byrkett, 118 years old, a gyps; woman, died in the Memorial hospital at

Piqua from burns. Her clothing caught at

a campfire, every stitch being burned from her body. Robbers dynamited the postoffice safe at West Carrollton and secured about \$100 in money and stamps. The office was wrecked. The explosion awoke the entire town, but

he robbers escape t in a buggy. In an appropriation bill before congress there is an item of \$60,000 for a public building to be erected in Elyria. The city council has decided to offer the govern-ment a free sight for the postoffice building.

Fire of unknown origin destroyed the business block owned by former Judge P. M. Smith, at Wellsville, causing a loss es-timated at \$25,000. The plant of the Wellsville Daily Union was partially destroyed.

There are rumors of a pending sensation in the Butler county infirmary board. The county commissioners refused to approve their last semi-annual report, and ordered the men to appear in person at Hamilton to answer questions as to many items.

Seven horses, two cows, seventy-five chickens, three buggies and farm implements and a large quantity of feed were consumed in a fire that destroyed a barn on the farm of John Tate, east of Marion. The loss is heavy, with no insurance

The dead body of Albert Blackwell, a bartender at Cineinnati, was found in his room over the saloon where he was emloyed. The police say he committed sulcide following a quarrel with his sweet-heart, but some of his friends claim he was nurdered. Blackwell's home is in Ironton.

William W. Ross, aged 72 years, superintendent of the Fremont public schools since 1864, and a prominent educator, died suddenly at Fremont. Professor Ross was well known as a lecturer and was the author of numerous works on educational, tariff and economical questions. Heart disease was the cause of death.

The decomposed body of Charles Spicer. 25, of Trinway, was found floating in Wakatomeka creek, near Dresden. Last Noember Spicer was accused of forgery. Officers went to arrest him, but he saw them approaching and, running to the creek, disappeared in a thicket of willows. The identification was made certain by his clothing.

An incoming passenger train from Chicago on the Big Four was derailed by the tower operator at Riverside, four miles from Cincinnati, to prevent a collision with freight. The engine and mail car were thrown from the track. The passengers suffered a severe shaking up. Engineer Ben Mitter and Fireman Kissick were infully hurt.

By the collapse of the upper floor of one of the buildings of the big cabinet works of Theodore Kundtz, Cleveland, one man was killed, one fatally injured and ten others had a miraculous escape from death. The man killed is Joseph Antell, who was caught beneath the debris and crushed to death. The weight of lumber on the up-per floor is supposed to have caused the accident.

A heavy steel car loaded with coal, broke loose from a cable while coming down a steep incline at the Laughlin tin plant in Martins Ferry, and tumbling on the roof of the mill crashed through to the ground below, catching five men who were loading John Kremo was instantly killed. John Werso suffered a fracture of the skull and a broken arm, Mike Som's head was cracked open and John Dedrist's right arm was broken. Two other foreigners suffered slight injuries.

After thirty years of litigation between Emery Lockhart and his brother, James Lockhart, of Bellefontaine, during which time their controversy has gone through all the courts of Logan county, district and state, and finally to the Federal Bankruptey Court, Emery Lockhart has finally paid over to his brother James the sum of \$15,890. They were in business many years ago, and when they dissolved partpurship could not agree as to the adjustment. The court costs in the cases paid in this final settlement amounted to \$3,513, but this is only a share of the costs in-curred, to say nothing of the attorneys ees involved.

Wittenberg College, Springfield, has re-ceived for theological and art purposes : gift of \$125,000 in farm lands from Dr. H. W. Hamma of Baltimore, Md., one of the most prominent men in the Lutheran church. He gave the college the Hamma Divinity halt.

Fire at the residence of Elmer Cockerill. fifteen miles from Washington C. II., fa-tally burned Miss Minnie Allison and entirely destroyed the house with a loss esti-mated at \$3,000. Flames from an open grate caught the dress of Miss Allison and as she ran through the house the curtains were ignited from her clothing.

BRIEF COMPILATION OF LATE RECOMMENDED BY LEADING VETERINARIANS.

> Clipping Improves the Health of the Horse, Makes Him Feel Better, Work Better, and Increases His Value.

"A horse is a valuable asset, and should receive the best care possible Henry German, aged 74, of Sandusky, He should be well fed, comfortably stabled, carefully grouned and clipped in the early spring. If he receives these attentions he will work well and improve in value. A borse lives under artificial conditions. In his wild state he required none of these attentions, for he was able to look out for himself. The domesticated animal, being worked under conditions that are in themselves artificial, must be kept in condition for such work.

The clipping of a borse in the early spring is now conceded by all the lead ing veterinarians to be as essential to a horse's well being as shoeing him or giving him a comfortable bed to lie on. Farmers in England and France have been clipping their horses for many years, and American farmers are not slow to realize its advantages. clipped horse dries out rapidly after a hard day's work, and will rest comfortably and be refreshed for the work the following day. An unclipped horse is liable to catch the heaves, pneumonia and all sorts of colds, rheumatism, etc. More especially is this so in the early spring, when his hair is long and he is "soft." If worked bard he will perspire freely and the moisture will be held by his long bair, and the food that should go to nourish him will be used to replenish the heat that is being constantly taken from his body by the mass of cold wet hair. If clipped, the perspiration will evaporate almost as soon as secreted, and when put in the stable he rests comfortably and his

food does him good. Some years ago a Buffalo street car company tested the value of clipping in the following manner: They owned 500 horses, and 250 of these were ellipped early in the spring and 250 were not clipped. A careful record was kept of results, and it was found that of the 250 unclipped norses 153 were afflicted with coughs and pneumonia, while of the 250 clipped not one case of sickness was reported.

A man would not expect to enjoy very good bealth if he did hard manual work clothed with heavy underwear, a heavy suit and a fur overcoat, and after perspiring freely, as he naturally would, go to sleep without removing same. It is just as ridiculous to expect a horse to be in perfect health if worked under the same conditions.

If you would get the best returns from your investment in your horse, treat him right, and be sure and clip

him in the early spring. A first-class horse-clipping machine can be bought at nearly any hardware store for less than \$7.00."-Herse Re-

Everything Orderly.

"What's the excitement down there at the corner?" asked the stranger. "There ain't no excitement, mister," said one of the bystanders. "A feller with a camera took a snapshot of a weddin' party as they were comin' out of church, and the bridegroom is kickin' him around the block."

## Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Denfuess is caused by an infamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this table is infamed you have a rumbling sound or imporfect hearing, and when it is sentirely closed. Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Caturrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarra) that causet be cured by Hall's Catarra Cure. Send for circulars free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take LANATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it falls to core. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Of the 4,500 paper mills in the world, Asia has but nineteen and Africa but

How to cure Lameness, Stiff Joints, Rheumatism, Lumbago and Sciatica in a few hours. Apply Dr. Bayer's Pene-trating Oil. This is no mere assertion, but a fact. 25c a bottle.

League for Upright Writing. In Paris a "League for Upright Writ-

ing" has been formed, and it takes a phrase from Georges Sand as its motto: "Upright writing on horizontal paper with the body held straight." The league crusades against the old English style of writing slanting and angular, which, it says, is no longer really taught in Eugland or America. Slanting writing is said to cause scollosis, as well as short sight and many other optical troubles.



# OHIO'S WEEKLY OLIO. CLIPPING THE HORSE. WHO SHE WAS

SKETCH OF THE LIFE OF LYDIA E. PINKHAM

And a True Story of How the Vegetable Compound Had Its Birth and How the "Panic of '73" Caused it to be Offered for Public Sale in Drug Stores.

For some years she taught school, and became known as a woman of an alert



and investigating mind, an earnest seeker after knowledge, and above all, possessed of a wonderfully sympa-

In 1843 she married Isaac Pinkham. a builder and real estate operator, and their early married life was marked by prosperity and happiness. They had four children, three sons and a

In those good old fashioned days it was common for mothers to make their own home medicines from roots and herbs, nature's own remedies— calling in a physician only in specially urgent cases. By tradition and ex-perience many of them gained a won-derful knowledge of the curative prop-erties of the various roots and herbs.

Mrs. Pinkham took a great interest in the study of roots and herbs, their in the study of roots and herbs, their characteristics and power over disease. She maintained that just as nature so bountifully provides in the harvest-fields and orchards vegetable foods of all kinds; so, if we but take the pains to find them, in the roots and herbs of the field there are remedies expressly designed to cure the various ills and weaknesses of the body, and it was her pleasure to search these out, and prepare simple and effective medicines for her own family and friends.

Chief of these was a rare combinated.

cines for her own family and friends.

Chief of these was a rare combination of the choicest medicinal roots
and herbs found best adapted for the
cure of the ills and weaknesses peculiar to the female sex, and Lydia E. Pinkham's friends and neighbors learned
that her compound relieved and cured
and it became quite popular among
them.

All this so far was done freely, without money and without price, as a labor of love.

But in 1873 the financial crisis struck Lynn. Its length and severity were too much for the large real estate interests of the Pinkham family, as this class of business suffered most from fearful depression, so when the Centen-nial year dawned it found their property swept away. Some other source of income had to be found.

This remarkable woman, whose maiden name was Estes, was born in Lynn, Mass., February 9th, 1819, coming from a good old Quaker family, neighbors was equally good for the For some years she taught school, and

women of the whole world.

The Pinkhams had no money, and little credit. Their first laboratory was the kitchen, where roots and herbs were steeped on the stove, gradually filling a gross of bettles. Then came the question of selling it, for always before they had given it away freely. They hired a job printer to run off some pamphlets setting forth the merits of the medicine, now called Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and these were distributed by the Pinkham sons in Boston, New York, and Brooklyn.

The wonderful curative properties of

The wonderful curative properties of the medicine were, to a great extent, self-advertising, for whoever used it recommended it to others, and the de-mand gradually increased.

In 1877, by combined efforts the fam-In 1877, by combined efforts the fam-ily had saved enough money to com-mence newspaper advertising and from that time the growth and success of the enterprise were assured, until to-day Lydia E. Pinkham and her Vege-table Compound have become house-hold words everywhere, and many tons of roots and herbs are used annually in its manufacture.

Lydia E. Pinkham herself did not live to see the great success of this work. She passed to her reward years ago, but not till she had provided means for continuing her work as effectively as she could have done is herself.

During her long and eventful experience she was ever methodical in her work and she was always careful to preserve a record of every case that came to her attention. The case of every sick woman who applied to her for advice and there were thousands—received careful study, and the details, includ-ing symptoms, treatment and results were recorded for future reference, and were recorded for future reference, and to-day these records, together with hundreds of thousands made since, are available to sick women the world over, and represent a vast collabora-tion of information regarding the treatment of woman's ills, which for authenticity and accuracy can hardly be equaled in any library in the world.

With Lydia E. Pinkham worked her daughter-in-law, the present Mrs. Pinkham. She was carefully instructed in all her hard-won knowledge, and

To her hands naturally fell the direction of the work when its originadirection of the work when its origina-tor passed away. For nearly twenty-five years she has continued it, and nothing in the work shows when the first Lydia E. Pinkham dropped her pen, and the present Mrs. Pinkham, now the mother of a large family, took it up. With women assistants, some as capable as herself, the present Mrs. Pinkham continues this great work, and probably from the office of no other person have so many women been adperson have so many women been ad-vised how to regain health. Sick wo-men, this advice is "Yours for Health" freely given if you only write to ask

Such is the history of Lydia E. Pink-At this point Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound: made known to the world. The three sons and the daughter, with their mother, combined forces to woman whose name it bears.

Such is the history of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound: made from simple roots and herbs; the one great medicine for women's ailments, and the fitting monument to the noble.







F. W. N. U. - - - No. 11-1906 When writing to Advertisens please are you

BLAIR'S PILLS

it attlicted with Thompson's Eye Water